PH-72 RFS/sk ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH Francisville Philadelphia Pennsylvania ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, Francisville, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

PH-72 RFS/sk

The church and parish house building of St. Matthew's congregation are at the corner of 18th Street and Girard Avenue in the Lower North Philadelphia section. Both are of greystone construction and are in structurally sound condition. The church has a seating capacity of 600 and the parish house has ample facilities for a congregation in keeping with that seating capacity. At present the congregation is too small to be able to use the church or the parish house in more than a partial way. Both structures are reported to be in generally good condition. The Philadelphia Redevelopment Authority is taking over the rectory which stands on an adjacent block to the church buildings, and a new rectory has been purchased in northwestern Philadelphia.

THE CHURCH NEIGHBORHOOD

In the general vicinity of St. Matthew's Church buildings, there is a hospital and a boys preparatory school as well as several churches. The area is generally residential, row housing comprising most of the dwelling units, but urban renewal land clearing has been extensive in the vicinity and will probably continue, changing the character of the neighborhood greatly.

Philadelphia has been divided into tracts by the United States Census Bureau and six of these, including the one in which the church buildings stand, 47-D, have been designated as the parish area for St. Matthew's Church. Those census tracts extend,

732-11

PH-72 RFS/sk 2 roughly, from Girard College on the west to Sixth Avenue on the east, and from Montgomery Avenue on the north to Spring Garden Street on the south. Although it is realized that the neighborhood has changed rapidly, 1960 census material can at least serve as a guide to the changes that actually have taken place. The following tables give information on the population characteristics of the area. The first table shows that the area has a high proportion of youngsters and a relatively small proportion of adults over the age of 64. It also notes the high proportion of the population which is reported as non-white.

		%	%	
CENSUS TRACT	POP.	14 &	65 &	%
OR ZONE	1960	UNDER	OVER	NON-WHITE
15-A	6,183	33.6	7.9	59.9
15-C	8,615	27.7	8.1	60.4
20-D	9,047	36.8	9.1	62.3
47-A	8,733	29.9	6.7	96.0
47-C	8,834	32.7	7.7	85.8
47-D	9,402	29.7	6.7	91.3
	50,814			76.9

The next table gives information on the education of adults who were 25 years of age or over as of 1960. The median number of school years completed by those adults is about 8.3.

	EDUCATION	OF ADULTS	25 YRS.	OF AGE &	OVER
	%	%	%		
CENSUS TRACT	H.S.	COLLEGE	COLLEGE	MED.	
OR ZONE	GRAD.	1-3 YRS.	GRAD.	ED.	
15-A	8.0	1.6	1.1	8.3	
15-C	11.1	3.1	2.4	8.6	
20-D	11.8	2.4	2.6	8.0	
47-A	13.1	2.2	2.7	8.6	
47-C	11.5	3.2	4.5	8.4	
47-D	12.3	4.7	4.4	8.9	

127 1/1

The following table is based on data gathered from a summary of the membership maps submitted by the churches of the diocese. It shows the strength of the Episcopal Church and the relative strength of St. Matthew's in its parish area. It should be noted that the Episcopal Church throughout the City of Philadelphia reaches people equal in number to 2.0% of the 1960 population.

PH-72 RFS/sk 3

CENSUS TRACT	POP.	TOTAL EPIS.	% OF POP. EPIS.	TOTAL PARISH MEMB.	% EPIS. MEMB.	% PARISH MEMB.
15-A 15-C	6,183	10	0.2	1	10.0	0.5
20-D	8,615	33	0.4	14	42.4	7.3
47-A	9,047	13	0.1	0	_	_
47-C	8,733	25	0.3	1	4.0	0.5
47-D	8,834	40	0.5	9	22.5	4.7
	9,402	36	0.4	3	8.3	1.7
	50,814	157	0.3	28	17.8	14.7

As may easily be seen, the Episcopal Church is not numerically or proportionately strong near the corner of 18th and Girard. St. Matthew's Church reports only a small proportion of the present Episcopalians and finds less than 15% of its own membership in that area. It should be noted that the membership map prepared by St. Matthew's shows the location of 192 units, by whether those units are families or individuals, is not clear.

THE CHURCH PROGRAM

PH-72 RFS/sk 4 The attention of the congregation is directed to the Church Self-Study Form which was submitted by St. Matthew's congregation and reproduced on the accompanying pages of this report. The next paragraphs are intended to highlight some of the data contained in that report but the congregation may wish to carry out a more thorough analysis as part of its long-range planning program.

On the usual Sunday morning about 24% of the reported baptized members are in church. That level of attendance is low enough to cause concern to the congregation, it would seem. If the mapped figure of 192 represents the actual strength of the congregation, the level of church attendance may be seen to be about 57%, a much more commendable figure. No information is given concerning the attendance of confirmed members of the congregation. There seems to be weekday celebrations of the Holy Communion only during Lent.

The studying that is done by members of the congregation is confined to a few teen-agers and adults, but no information is available concerning the type of studying. It should be noted that the Diocesan Journal reports a church school of 58.

The organizations of St. Matthew's Church report, as might be expected, difficulty in securing participation of members and the problems associated with a declining membership of the congregation. It should be noted, that complete reports were submitted only by the choir and the Women of St. Matthew's. Perhaps the congregation should work more as a committee-of-the-whole rather than as individual organizations, planning the activities on a

PH-72 RFS/sk 5 "task force" basis, people joining in to accomplish a particular job without a formal organization, and disbanding when the task is finished. Such an approach would make it possible for men to take part in the work of the Altar Guild, for instance, and for talents in general to be used in other than stereotyped ways.

Of the annual income of approximately \$19,300.00, about one-third comes from the pledges and plate offerings of the congregation. The average annual pledge per communicant is about \$14.00 a year, a remarkably low figure, especially when compared with the diocesan average of \$44.00. It would seem that St. Matthew's Church depends, to a great extent, on special drives, endowment income, and the fund-raising activities of the organizations.

It is reported that the rector is very active in calling on members, although no exact data are available. There is no report of any participation by lay members of the congregation, in evangelism, either in terms of reaching new members or in maintaining a contact in the parish and the present members.

No information is given concerning the relations between the community and the congregation, and it appears that the members take very little part in diocesan and convocation work.

It is regrettable that the last two pages of the Church Self-Study Form have not been filled out, since those call for the thoughts of the congregation about the future.

GENERAL DIVISION OF RESEARCH AND FIELD STUDY Episcopal Church Center 815 Second Avenue New York, N. Y. 10017

Date Movember 1964

CHURCH SELF-STUDY FORM I. IDENTIFICATION Diocese Parish williamion X What geographic area does this church serve? wiship comes from THE CHURCH NEIGHBORHOOD II. A. The church is located in a section of the city which is occupied by: Downtown commercial uses ____Industrial uses ____Apartment dwellings ____ Rooming houses X Single-home dwellings ___ A college X Military uses __ Other institutions Happlas B. If more than one type is checked above, please clarify: C. Is the church neighborhood changing in any way? Describe: D. The following schools are located within the church neighborhood: ADDRESS PUBLIC GRADESCHOOLS

ADDRESS
ADDRESS
ADDRESS 17th True Levea and Con
Coruthiany Swaredle
ADDRESS

E. The following churches are located within the church neighborhood:

NAME OF CHURCH AND DENOMINATION	ADDRESS
Leon RC	18 th and Stiles St
Welsh Crestatorian	1600 block Wigna
Serman me the dest	1500 block Wherea
v	

III. HISTORY OF THE CONGREGATION

Please write out a short history of this congregation. How was the work started? Give the important dates and events.

IV. THE LOCAL CONGREGATION

	ma .	
A -	Church	properties:

1.	reporting the use of each parcel.
	Land on which Chier her built
	" " Udrick House 11 brutt
	" " Restorme is limit
2.	Type of church building: Frame Brick Stone Cther (type)
	Describe the church building, giving number of sittings; condition of building; and improvements needed, with estimated cost: Sato Goo-Crick duice Reptur Good Chatton
	Replacement Value \$ Amount of insurance carried \$
3.	Type of parish hall or house: Attached Separated ;
	In basement of the church ; Frame Brick
	Stone 1 Other (type)
	Describe, giving the number of rooms, the condition of the building, and improvements needed, with the estimated cost
	Basement - Remeation Cooner - Heater Koon
	127 floor Church Varelan
	Lecture Room (Choevileti)
	Person lister 6 com
	4 il ali difeee
	and there is in the walthoom
Rej	placement value \$ Amount of insurance carried \$

4. Type of rectory or clergy house: AttachedSeparated	
Frame Brick Stone Other (type)	
Describe, giving the number of rooms, the condition of this building and improvements needed, with estimated cost. It for the condition that lagration for the first form of the building?	-
Replacement value: \$	ing
	a miles

alle 0	Number of church families:	rotal num	ber	-04		
	Number of individuals not in	families		60_		
2.	Baptized membership 460 Con	mmunicant	s 4 ? 9	Churc	h School	?
	1950 1960 Now 1950	1960	Now	1950	1960	Now
		14 7 5 yrs.	1960 4 yrs.	1461 3 yrs.	1962 2 yrs.	Last
3.	Number of baptized members who were removed from the parish list	ago	ago	ago	ago	vear
	Number of baptized members who were added to the parish list			-		
4.	Communicants added: By confirmation from Episcopal families	7	v	7	PERA	e Pin
	By confirmation from other Churches	3	ne.	nene	house	Penn
	By reception from other Churches		Mine	lione	line	no
	By baptism and confirma- tion from no church		Turns.	Pine	Mine	7.10
	Total	10	2010	2		
5.	Attendance:		2			
	Number of communicants who as	ttended r	egularly	last yea	r	
	Number of communicants who a	ttended o	ccasiona	lly		
	Number who did not attend la		but live	d in the		
	Number of communicants who dibut were on the parish record	id not li ds, not t	ve in the	e communi ed	ty,	
6	How many persons attended the	n last am	mual bue	inone mor	oh dan met	

V.	WORSHI	P

YPE OF SERVICE	HOUR	ATTENDANO LOW	E (Adults & (Children)* HIGH
Hell Colline Collectic Col	8 auc. cx	5	10	25
Asty Considerations				
munual nage:	11 am (3,40	uda .		
		75	10-2	12-5
		/		
	*Use figures	from Churc	h Service Re	gister
B. Weekday services:			ATTENDANCE*	
YPE OF SERVICE	DAY AND HOUR	LOW	AVERAGE	HIGH
STURE 14 Consumin	11am		15	
Reli Wednes ducen	Leut			
	*Use figures	from the Cl	nurch Service	Register
C. Special services or	missions held d	luring the a	average year	(including
Weden heart 11am	1			
manukushura	Jul 8 679	1410_		
	1 1630 1			
1 2000 1 10-6 61		1.	8	1. 1
/		W/ 1 1		// 1.
Edeliuskusk	agentant.	Tringell	afen I	F 317

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-	-		
-			
_			
_			
_			
_			
_		tional information about Sunday services:	10 C
	1	Are himthdays anniversaries, and the departed regularly remembered?	Jec.
	1	Are birthdays, anniversaries, and the departed regularly remembered?	ic al
	1. 2.	Are birthdays, anniversaries, and the departed regularly remembered?	ic al
	1. 2.	Are himthdays anniversaries, and the departed regularly remembered?	ic al

VI. CHRISTIAN EDUCATION Prinche March School hasdesaff. in
VI. CHRISTIAN EDUCATION Prinche Charles of hasdesaff. In
1. Registration and attendance and a process of alkietts
a. Teachers and staff Studyling thethough South
b. Students
Total icuta Hone Dept of Shietury
c. Lowest total classroom attendance during the past year
d. Highest total classroom attendance during the past year (except for Christmas and Easter)
e. Are absentee cards used?
f. How many months of the year is the church school in operation?
g. If teachers call on students in case of absence, or for other reasons, please give details.
2. Worship schedule
CLASS OR DEPARTMENT DAY HOUR DURATION LEADER

3. Instruction schedule COURSE DURATION REGISTRATION DAY MATERIAL AGE SEX HOUR

5. Describe the pro	ogram for pre-school child	ren.							
6. Data on the tead	ching staff								
a. How are tead	chers recruited?								
b. Describe the	way in which teachers ar	e trained, giving the							
immet of 26	sssions, the leaders, etc.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
c. How are tead	chers assisted in the perf	ormance of their duties?							
c. How are tead	chers assisted in the perf	ormance of their duties?							
c. How are tead	chers assisted in the perf	ormance of their duties?							
c. How are tead	chers assisted in the perf	ormance of their duties?							
		ormance of their duties?							
d. Summary of t	eachers' backgrounds	ormance of their duties? YEARS							
d. Summary of t									
d. Summary of t	eachers' backgrounds	YEARS							
d. Summary of to	eachers' backgrounds EDUCATION Number	YEARS TEACHING Number one							
d. Summary of t SE Number years or less to 29	eachers' backgrounds EDUCATION Number Grade school Junior high Senior high	YEARS TEACHING Number one							
d. Summary of to SE Number Pyears or less to 29 to 39	eachers' backgrounds EDUCATION Number Grade school Junior high	YEARS TEACHING Number one two							
d. Summary of to SE Number years or less to 29 to 39 to 49	eachers' backgrounds EDUCATION Number Grade school Junior high Senior high 1 to 3 years	YEARS TEACHING Number one two three four							
d. Summary of to SE Number Pyears or less to 29 to 39	eachers' backgrounds EDUCATION Number Grade school Junior high 1 to 3 years College	YEARS TEACHING Number one two three four							
d. Summary of to Se Number years or less to 29 to 39 to 49	eachers' backgrounds EDUCATION Number Grade school Junior high Senior high 1 to 3 years College College grad.	YEARS TEACHING Number one two three four five							

В.		ation Church School
	1.	When is it held?
	2.	For how long each day?
	3.	What type of courses are taught?
	<i>L</i> ₊ .	How many children attend, usually?
	5.	How many of these children are regular pupils of this congregation's
		church school?
	6.	How many teachers are there?
C.	Rel	eased Time Program
	1.	When are classes held?
	2.	What type of courses are taught?
	3.	How many of this congregation's children attend?
	4.	What is the relationship of the teachers to this congregation?
	5.	What is the relationship of the Released Time classes to the Christia education program of this congregation?

D. Day School: If the congregation has a day school, please fill out the Parochial School Report Form and submit it with this report.

E.	. Cc	enfirmation Instruction
	1.	Children
		a. What is the usual age of confirmation? / b. How many
		instruction sessions are held? 10 c. How long is each session?
		used? Rectarmaterial - Book of Comments of the second
		f. What is the relationship of the confirmation class material
		to the regular church school curriculum?
	2.	Adults
		a. How many sessions are held? 10 b. How long is each session?
		material is used? Rectors Material - Kack of Commen
F.	Adu	material is used? Rectors Material - Book of Communication 1t Education Aud Ge
	1.	List the general adult education program in the congregation, including Bible classes, parents' classes, discussion groups, etc.
		etc.

	2.	What Retreats, missions, Quiet Days, etc., have the members participated in during the last two years? Estimate the total number of participants.
	3.	What leader- and participant-training programs have been held in the last two years, such as the Indiana Plan, Parish Life Conferences, Missions, and Institutes? Estimate the total number of participants.
G.	Hov	can the Christian education program of this congregation be strengthened

VII.	COD	mitt	OF ORGANIZATIONS - Includee, parish council, choirs well as boys), college wor	, guilds, circles	ble, vestry or , ushers, acoly	bishop's tes (for
	A.	For	Women			
		1.	Give the total number of	adult women in th	e congregation.	
		2.	Give the number of organi	zations for adult	women.	-
		3.	Give the total active mem	bership of all th	ese organizatio	ns.
	В.	For	Men			
		1.	Give the total number of	adult men in the	congregation	
		2.	Give the number of organi	zations for adult	men.	
		3.	Give the total membership	of all these org	anizations.	
	C.	For	Men and Women			
		1.	Give the number of organi	zations for men a	nd women.	
		2.	Give the total active mem	bership of all the	ese organizatio	ns
	D.	For	Girls in:	grade school	junior high	high school
		1.	Total number of girls			
		2.	Number of organizations			
		3.	Total active membership		the annihologoamentality.	
	E.	For	Boys in:	grade school	junior high	high school
		1.	Total number of boys			
		2.	Number of organizations		4000 million Adjuny	
		3.	Total active membership	-	-	
	F.	For	Youth in:	grade school	junior high	high school
		1.	Number of organizations	**************************************	-	
		2.	Total active membership		Anad State of the Annual parts	

N.B. Please make a separate report for each individual organization, using the format on the following pages.

VIII.	REF	ORT FOR INDIVIDUAL ORGANIZATION
	٨.	Name Wowle of St matthier
		Total active members 3. Average attendance at meetings 3.5
		Number of meetings each month Day and time of meetings
	B.	Why does this organization exist?
		For Marship Feixer ship in in airel a.
		Varieties Parish Cothertun Some of money hours
		west deset donations to Known and other Cha. Time
	C.	From what group in the congregation are the members drawn?
		Mirmin of the Parish an mention
	D.	Describe the worship and the educational program.
		Herhama Service of Communion facioned by one
		meeting Burney Leut we try to Study it
		Topic shown by the Church and reports 39 on
	E.	Describe the other activities of the organization.
		The servere help in all the see to of the
		Church
	F.	What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization?
	-	Speakers from Kinson Serie intions as Il your
		West in astill up about The worth. The
		to hope our second enformed anticital in forms
	G.	What can be done for greater effectiveness? Our profition is
		That unare an aging and disame
		Course autical " "

K-17

	A.	Name (Letty Luica)
		Total active members Average attendance at meetings /
		Number of meetings sach month Day and time of meetings
	В.	Why does this organization exist?
		in just the first in the torce
	С.	From what group in the congregation are the members drawn? The
	D.	Describe the worship and the educational program.
0		
	E.	Describe the other activities of the organization.
	F.	What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization?
	G.	What can be done for greater effectiveness?
Si	gned	by: / Title: ()

Α.	Name // Livry
	Total active members 12 Average attendance at meetings 10
	Number of meetings each month Cne Day and time of meetings for said the body and time of meetings with does this organization exist? Day and time of meetings for said the body and the bod
В.	Why does this organization exist? as required
	Responsible for conducting business of the louish
•	
Ç.	From what group in the congregation are the members drawn?
	Communicant members.
D.	Describe the worship and the educational program.
E.	Describe the other activities of the organization.
	Committee from Vostry represent Parish at Diecesan Convention
	one concertion Meetings.
F.	What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization?
G.	What can be done for greater effectiveness?

VIII. REPORT FOR INDIVIDUAL ORGANIZATION

IX. CLERGY OR LAY READERS IN CHARGE SINCE 1930

NAME	APPROX. AGE AT START OF MINISTRY HERE	PERIOD OF TENURE	MOVED TO:
(Ic	ice Bruing Meson	1919-1941	Tourned division
Α.	Does the present minister live	in the neighbo	orhood? Lis list net for showing
	Does he give full time to this does he serve, or what other we		
В.	How many people from this paris church within the past ten year Please give details.		
C	How many licensed lay readers	cowe the congr	egetion and leave
C.	Do any lay readers from this could be so, which congregations?	ongregation ser	we other congregations? 20

3) Parishor (5) Special	1. 183.11- Eltas Eun et 17.74	Last Full Year	25/22	178087	123/2)	Sex 0		
offerings \$ 462.12.	(6) Other (please specify) \$ / Mule 1883.1/- Communa (Mules 8/34 3/ littay Eun d	1945 1950 1955 1960 Last Full Year	487.05 469.48 37524 339.05	2354.36 274.83 3353132 3083 23 2909.47	grd 53 1244:51	1000		Method of repayment
(1) Pledges \$ the file offerings \$ 462.12(3) Parishor mission organizations \$ 336/24 (4) Endoments \$ (441.54 (5) Special	rives \$ (6) Other (please specify) \$ / Muce 1 18 3.1/- and Jooy 0. Communicallluc 8 / 34 3/ littur Zun at 17.74 has Find Alco Too Organ 6/10. History and 4/34.11	1945 1950	437.03 464.48	2354.36 2742.83	16/201 4/83:33 905 53 1244:51 12 31:2	3000		
	Fund drive	3940	1-2	25	15	3)	20 8 8 Q	tory \$ //U Amount of lebt \$
x. FINANCE (463	Euster #793.73	B. Disbursements	Total current expenses	Missionary Disbursements	Special parish expense	Clergy salary or salaries: from congregation	from other sources	Rental value of the rectory is the church in debt?

Finance	(cont	td))
---------	-------	-----	---

	If yes, by mail or personal like the second of the second
	If yes, by mail or personal solicitation?Describe the training of the canvassers.
8.	What other means of fund raising or stewardship education are used? A fulft each year in the start of the continuous of the continuous of the start of the continuous of
9.	If this is a mission or aided parish, what is the potential for self-support?
10.	Additional comments or information on finances:
•	
Trave	1: Thank
	oes the priest have a car? 105
1. [object the priest have a car? / (5) Whom is the car purchased? Priest Congregation Discounting the car purchased?
1. E 2. B 3. H	ow much is the annual operating expense of the
1. E 2. B 3. H	ow much is the annual operating expense of the car, omitting depreciation? \$ confuse 4. By whom is the operation
2. B 3. H t:	oves the priest have a car? Value Congregation Diocese

XI. CHRISTIAN EVANGELISM AND VISITATION

В.

TYP	E OF CALL	NUMBER OF CALLS LOW AVERAGE	
1.	Family or routine parish		-
2.	Sick or emergency		
3.	Calls for other purposes		
<i>L</i> .	Time set aside for pastoral	calling:	- no11
5.	How do the clergy organize to	neathan	- We have made
/	Millis and aged	whomes can	els don- stue
•	ince a hierich -	very living	· West
7.	Time spent in pastoral couns	eling (average hou	rs per week)
* P]	lease give similar information	n, separately, for	other clergy.
Lay	calling:		
1.	Describe the Zone or Neighbo	rhood Organization	0
			a da a San a San a da San a da San a
2.	Describe the program of lay number of participants and t	pastoral visitation he time spent.	n, including the

3.	gation's approach to newcomers and to the unchurched), giving the number of participants and the amount of time.
4.	How are newcomers integrated into the life of this congregation?
5.	Describe any religious census of the area made by the congregation
	itself or with other churches during the last ten years.
. COMMUN	ICATIONS
	at use is made of the press?
	at use is made of radio and/or television?
Cri	at use is made of the U.S. Mail? Mr. thy Missing characters.
D. De	escribe the regular publications which are mailed or distributed, acluding Sunday bulletins, parish newsletters, etc
_	
Ξ. Hα	ow many church road signs are there?

	Is this congregation community-minded?
B.	Describe the clergy participation in community affairs.
C.	Describe the participation of the congregation in community affairs.
D.	Describe the general parish program for the community (including such church-sponsored programs as Girl Scouts, Boy Scouts, etc.):
E.	List community organizations using the parish hall and its facilities
	inst community organizations using the parish hall and its lacilities
F.	Describe the way in which the congregation cooperates with other reli

XIV.	PARTICIPATION IN DIOCESAN AND NATIONAL CHURCH PROGRAMS:
	A. What offices do the clergy hold in the diocese, missionary district, or
	National Church? Kilcufey of Standing Commetter - Level 12
	Reptofression, nicentes Executing Council.
	newber Commission Reiton har air any batterity
	B. What offices do the lay people hold in the diocese, missionary district,
	or National Church?
	C. What diocesan or National Church programs have directly benefited this
	congregation?
	D. Describe the men's participation in diocesan programs:
	E. Describe the women's participation in diocesan programs:
	
	F. Describe youth participation in diocesan programs: Jin-Co Aid
	y agos renerg a cesta y ce, of ceres
	G. Does this congregation pay its full Missionary Chare or Juota?
	H. What percent of the congregation's bulget loss for missionary work?

XV. STAFF

A. List all paid personnel working for this confunction, and salary, and telling whether	full or part-time.
richy Fill line	51 8100
Organit and Derector - last le	Lui jen
Lexion janthing	as almost
Wite Jart Time	5 76 9
B. Describe the use of volunteer personnel by	this congregation.
the Chaires Victuatery except (17 gas	unt und the Ultra
and every today a two Thysician	ly a ble does son
work in Thrush -	
the treated to the telephone	

XVI. FUTURE POLICY, PROGRAM, AND BUDGET

In adopting a policy for an expanded program for this congregation, in order to vitalize its Christian witness to the community; to extend its outreach of Christian fellowship to all the unchurched; to increase initiative and responsibility for all members of the congregation; to develop local financial resources with a view towards self-support and parochial status (if not already attained); and to further other essential advances, what are the immediate needs as to:
1. Personnel:
2. Buildings:
3. Equipment:
What are the major opportunities that face this congregation?
What are the major problems that face this congregation?
What program needs seem evident on the basis of this Study?
What would be the approximate capital cost to meet these needs?

G.	What steps are now being taken locally to meet these needs and opportunities?
Н.	What steps are now being taken by the diocese or district, or might be taken, to assist in meeting these needs and opportunities?
I.	Further data or comment on the general needs and problems of this congregation:
dat	ta in this report were furnished by the following committee:
dat	ta in this report were furnished by the following committee: NAME OCCUPATION NUMBER OF YEARS IN PARISH
dat	
dat	
dat	



REPORTED MEMBERSHIP FROM MAPS

PH-72 RFS/sk

A question has already been raised in this report concerning the figure of 192 which is the total of the residences shown on the map submitted for the Survey. That figure is in contrast to the 460 baptized members reported in the Church Self-Study Form and in the Diocesan Journal. It does not agree with the 204 church families and 60 individuals, reported in the Church Self-Study Form. One is tempted to assume that 192 does represent the total number of family units, including families and unrelated individuals, but some details of the map make such an interpretation questionable. is rather surprising, for instance, to find five separate families or individuals living in a community as far removed from St. Francis as Aldan in Delaware County, and four living in Springfield Township in the same county.

The distribution pattern of the membership is fairly clear, however. A small proportion of the members live in the census tracts on either side of Poplar Avenue, west of the church property. A scattering of members is to be found in west Philadelphia and a larger group of more widely scattered persons may be found north and west of Lehigh Avenue. As has been mentioned, there are individuals living outside of Philadelphia, six units being reported from Warminster Township in Bucks County, for instance, as well as in other widely separated areas. It is clear that St. Matthew's Church has long since ceased to serve a neighborhood, but it continues to serve a widely distributed constituency.

MEMBERSHIP DISTRIBUTION TABLE

PARISH PHILADEL PHIA

ST MATTHEWS

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CENSUS TRACT OR AREA	NUMBER OF MAPPED MEMBERS	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL MAPPED MEMBERSHIP
B 16A	6	32
8 7	11	5
D 90	1	5 5
D 40B	111	
D 78B	4	2 2 5 5 10
D 17 D 18	1 1	.5_
		ې
D 19	1 2 5 1	10
D 32	2	3.6
0 33	1	15
D 36	2	- 10
D 38	2	5
D 740	2	10
D 96	2	10
M 26A	4	22
M 54	4 2	10
M 9 D	1	5
M 32A	2	10
M 41A	1	5
M 56	5	10
7 A	2	10
8 B	5	10
1 O B	2	10
1 1 A 1 4 A	1	5
1 4 A 1 5 A	1 -	5
1 5 C	1 4	5
15D	1 4	7 3
1 5 E	4	22
16A	2	10
17 A	ĩ	5
198	1	
2 1 A	1	5 5
210		
220	3	1 0 1 7 1 0
22F	2	10
2 3 B	1	1 0 5 5 5 17 5 47
2 4 C	1	5
2 4 F	1	5
2 4 J	1	5
2 7 A	3	17
27C	1	5
29 C	9	47
390	2	10
) 1 B	1	5
331	1	5
3/1	1	5
348	7	17
3.5 c	- 3	22 17 17 10
3.5 F	2	10
38C -	1	
38F	3	17
210 220 22F 23B 24C 24F 24J 27C 29D 31B 33J 34F 34S 35F 38E 38H	2 3 2 1 1 1 1 3 1 9 2 1 1 1 4 3 3 2 1 1 1 1 1	10 5 5 5 22 17 17 10 5 17

MEMBERSHIP DISTRIBUTION TABLE

PARISH

CENSUS TRACT OR AREA	NUMBER OF MAPPED MEMBERS	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL MAPPED MEMBERSHIP
38 I 38 J 42 B 43 C 43 C 43 E 43 F 46 A 46 H 47 A 47 C X 47 D 49 B 49 D 50 E 50 F 50 M 52 A 56 F 56 H	1 2 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 9 3 3 2 1 1 1 4 3 2 1 2	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 17 17 17 17 17 17 10 5 5 5 5 7 7 17 10 5 5 5 5 5 7 17 10 5 5 5 5 5 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
5 8 K 5 9 A 5 9 B 5 9 C 5 9 F 5 9 L	1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 9 2	10 5 26 5 5 5 1000

REPORTED MEMBERSHIP AND FINANCIAL DATA FROM JOURNALS

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Since 1940 the membership of St. Matthew's Church has been decreasing steadily and rapidly. Baptisms have been increasingly few in number as have confirmations, none being reported in 1963, although a later Parochial Report shows that there were two baptisms in 1964 and three confirmations.

From 1961 through 1963, the average expenditure per communicant per year was \$42.78, a figure which may be compared with the diocesan average of \$73.71 and the average of \$56.16 for the churches of Lower North Philadelphia. The total reported expenditures have remained more or less constant, ranging from \$22,000.00 in 1955 to \$18,000.00 in 1961.

From 1961 through 1963, St. Matthew's Church set aside 13.3% of its total reported expenditures for work outside the parish, giving an annual expenditure per communicant for extra-parochial work of \$5.70. The corresponding data for the churches of Lower North Philadelphia are 7.5% as the ratio and \$4.20 as the average expenditure. For the diocese, the figures are 14.9% for the ratio and \$10.45 for the average expenditure per communicant.

PARISH ST. MATTHEW TOWN FRANCISVILLE COUNTY PHILADELPHIA DIOCESE PENNSYLVANIA

	1940	1945	1950	1955	1960	1961	1962	1963
Baptized Members	1,100	875	742	683	554	490	470	460
Communicants	826	699	631	617	5-23	463	449	439
Church School	291	150	96	149	5-1	80	42	58
Baptisms	3/	14	12	10	3	3	3	_
Percentage of Communicants	3.8	2.0	1.9	1.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	_
Confirmations	28	/3	25	25	2	2	_	_
Percentage of Communicants	3.4	1.9	4.0	4.1	0.4	0.4	_	_
Parochial Expenditures 1	9,573	10,593	12,939	15,531	14,513	14,779	14.457	16.382
Special Par. Expenditures 2	4,452	13,530	2,784			2,169	1073	/237
Extra-parochial Expenditures 3	1,715	2,121	2,439	1,758	1,657	1,199	3344	3158
Total Reported Expenditures	15,740	26,244	18,162	22,602	18,608	18,147	18,874	20,777
Expenditures per Communicant	19.06	37.55	28.78	36.63	35.58		42.04	
Extra-parochial Expenditures per Communicant	2.08	3.03	3.87	2.85	3.17	2.59	7.45	7.19

- 1 Includes clergy salary, current expense, pension premium, and Diocesan assessment.
- 2 Special parish purposes, including capital expenditures.
- 3 Includes Church's Program, special outside.



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DATA ON THE CONGREGATION

PH-72 RFS/sk The Episcopal Census for St. Matthew's Church gives information on only 86 persons, of whom four are not members of the Episcopal Church. That number of respondents comprises too small a proportion of the total membership for a statistical analysis to be valid. If the congregation wishes to take a more complete census of itself, the General Division of Research and Field Study will process the results as time is available.

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DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, Francisville, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

The buildings of St. Matthew's Church are situated in an area which has changed greatly in the general characteristics of its population. There are, today, relatively few people living in Francisville who are not Negro. Further, changes are taking place as the Urban Renewal Program sweeps past the corner of 18th Street and Girard Avenue. gregation of St. Matthew's Church is widely distributed throughout the metropolitan area and only a small proportion of the congregation, 14.7% of the mapped membership, lives within the vicinity of the church buildings. Over the years, the membership of St. Matthew's Church has steadily decreased, dropping from a reported figure of 1,100 in 1940 to 420 in 1964, according to the Parochial Reports and the Diocesan Journal. The membership map indicates an even greater decline, only 192 persons being located on the maps submitted by the congregation for this Survey. There are very few youngsters in the congregation, little activity during the week, and less than 100 people attend church on the usual Sunday, according to the Parochial Reports.

Very fortunately, the congregation is able to reap the benefits of investments and of generous individuals, since the regular income from pledges and open-plate offerings comprises only one-third of the annual income. The average pledge per communicant, using the figure of 460 communicants as reporting in the Diocesan Journal, is \$14.00 per year. It is probable that the actual number of communicants is substantially lower than 460, but no definite data are available.

The foregoing paragraphs have given the discouraging side of St. Matthew's Church. It should be noted, however, that the average attendance on a Sunday morning is about 57% of the mapped membership of St. Matthew's, a commendable level of attendance. The congregation has no debt and the buildings are in structurally sound condition, even though they

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to be brightened up. In addition, and possibly most important, St. Matthew's buildings are in an excellent location to serve the neighborhood as it is finally developed, being separated by considerable distances from the nearest Episcopal churches. The opportunity which faces St. Matthew's, a challenge which will not be easy to meet, is to be faithful, devoted, and to endure, in order that the witness of the Episcopal Church may be steadily present in the Girard Avenue area. Eventually the population will begin to increase and the opportunity for service will be much greater than at present.

Even now, however, the members of St. Matthew's Church have an obligation to work more effectively with the people of the neighborhood, different as they may be from the traditional type of Episcopalians. St. Matthew's Church can provide one type of stability in the midst of change, but can do so only when people are positive of the welcome which awaits them within the doors of the church and the hearts of the members.

Working with an entirely different group of people is difficult, a difficulty which should be well recognized. It is suggested that St. Matthew's Church cooperate closely with the Church of the Advocate at 18th and Diamond as well as with diocesan departments and personnel. Strictly from the standpoint of long-range strategy, St. Matthew's Church is in an excellent position. It is the responsibility of the congregation, difficult as that responsibility may be, to accept and to exercise stewardship in the use of that location.